

the summer

plants and animals

growth and higher temperatures

Year One Subject Science (seasonal changes) Topic - Enchanted Forest

Key Facts There are four seasons • Autumn - September, October, November • Winter - December, January, February • Spring - March, April, May • Summer - June, July, August Changes in weather patterns and temperature occur as one season transitions to another Spring and summer are two distinct seasons with different characteristics Spring is a time of new growth and warmer temperatures, while summer is characterised by hot temperatures and lush vegetation Plants play a key role in the seasonal changes from spring to



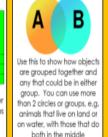


Temperature Daylight (2019) (*C) March 8 12 9 14 April May 11 15 14 16 June 17 July 16 16.5 August 14 13 September October 10 11 6.5 Nevember

Diagram/Investigations

going mouldy





Venn Diagram

For CLASSIFYING/GROUPING

Key Learning:

summer, with new growth appearing in the spring and flourishing in

Daylight hours also play a significant role in seasonal changes, with

longer daylight hours in the summer leading to increased plant

Observing and recording changes in the environment can help us understand the natural world and the impact of seasonal changes on

- Identify and describe the key features of spring and summer, including changes in temperature, weather patterns, and plant growth
- Observe and record changes in the environment over time, using tools such as thermometers and rain gauges
- Understand the role of plants in the seasonal changes from spring to summer, and identify different types of plants that grow during this time
- Develop an understanding of the impact of seasonal changes on animals, including changes in habitat, diet, and behaviour
- Use descriptive language to communicate observations about seasonal changes and the natural world.

Prior Learning:

- There are times when it is hot outside and there are times when it is cold outside.
- The months of the year
- What happens in autumn and winter (key events, what people do, what people wear)
- What the weather is like in autumn and winter.
- In autumn and winter, the days become shorter, and the nights become longer.

Books to support/ **Enrichment Opportunities:**

numerical or words

Observations in the school and surrounding areas Weekly weather reports



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Key word	Definition				
chilly	very cold				
cold	If it is cold, the temperature is very low				
day length	The amount of time where there is daylight.				
daylight	Daylight is the natural light that there is during the day, before it gets dark				
deciduous	a tree that loses its leaves in the autumn every year				
freeze	When it freezes outside, the temperature falls below 0 degrees.				
frost	the ground becomes covered in ice crystals				
hibernate	Animals that hibernate spend the winter in a state like a deep sleep				
hot	Something that is hot has a high temperature				
ice	Ice is frozen water				
migrate	when animals move at a particular season from one part of the world to another				
months	one of the twelve times of time that a year is divided into				
nature	the animals, plants, and other things in the world that are not made by people				
rain	Rain is water that falls from the clouds in small drops				
season	the main times of year which can be divided and which have their own typical weather				
snow	soft white bits of frozen water that fall from the sky in cold weather				
spring	the season between winter and summer when the weather becomes warmer and plants start to grow again				
summer	the season between spring and autumn when the weather is usually warm or hot				
sunny	when the sun is shining brightly				
temperature	a measure of how hot or cold something is				
warm	when there is some heat but not enough to be hot				
weather	what the sky and air outside are like, such as cold or sunny.				
windy	when the wind is blowing				
winter	the season between autumn and spring when the weather is usually cold				