
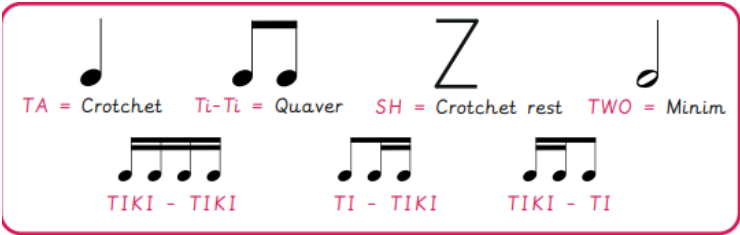




Key Facts	Map/Timeline/Diagram	
<p>Strings - Instruments that are played by plucking or bowing strings.</p> <p>Woodwind - Instruments that make sound by blowing air through a reed or small mouthpiece.</p> <p>Brass - Instruments that are made of metal and the sound is made by blowing air through a cup-shaped mouthpiece.</p> <p>Percussion - Instruments that are played by striking, beating or shaking the instrument.</p> <p>Pop Art An art movement from the 1950s where artists focused on common objects (comic books, tins of soup, teacups) and showed them in ...</p>		
Key Learning:	Prior Learning:	Books for support/ Enrichment Opportunities:
<p>Theme and variations is a common musical structure, especially in classical music. The structure features a theme at the start of the piece, then once the theme has been played, the composer repeats it but with some form of variation. The theme is then played again but this time with a further variation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To know that a 'theme' is a main melody in a piece of music. To know that 'variations' in music are when a main melody is changed in some way throughout the piece. To know that 'The Young Person's Guide to the Orchestra' was written in 1945 by Benjamin Britten. To understand that representing beats of silence or 'rests' in written music is important as it helps us play rhythms correctly. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognising and confidently discussing the stylistic features of music and relating it to other aspects of the Arts. Evaluating how the venue, occasion and purpose affects the way a piece of music sounds. Performing with accuracy and fluency from graphic and staff notation and from their own notation. Understand that all types of music notation show note duration, including the Kodaly method which uses syllables to indicate rhythms. 	<div data-bbox="1431 422 2168 657">  </div>

Subject Specific Vocabulary	
Key word	Definition
Notation	Written symbols to represent music.
Pulse	Pulse is a steady beat - the heartbeat of the music
Diaphragm	A dome shaped muscle beneath our lungs, which we use to control our breath when singing.
Melody	Notes of different pitches played in a sequence in order to create a tune.
Phrase	A short musical passage that makes sense on its own.
Rhythm	The pattern of long and short notes in music.
3/4 time	Commonly called 'waltz time' and only has 3 beats per bar.
4/4 time	Known as 'common time' and has 4 beats per bar