

Year 5 Art AUT 1

Topic: Anglo Saxons

## **Key Facts** Timeline • The Anglo Saxons were made up of three tribes; the Angles, Saxons and Jutes • They came to Britain from Scandinavia in the middle of the 5th Century • For a long time, England was not one country, Anglo-Saxon kings ruled lots of small kingdoms across the land The Anglo-Saxons were fierce people who AD 396 - 398: Picts, Scots AD 450: The Anglo-AD 597: St Augustine helps missionaries AD 789: The fought many battles, including fighting each other. and Saxons constantly raid Saxons began to settle spread the word about Christianity. Vikings begin Roman Britain. alongside the Britons. King Ethelbert converts to Christianity. to raid Britain. The Anglo Saxons used an alphabet called 'runes' • The Anglo-Saxon period ended when the Normans AD 410: Romans leave Britain to defend Rome which AD 500: By AD 500, AD 731: Bede completes the Ecclesiastical History of conquered Britain in 1066 was under attack. Angles, Saxons and Jutes make their the seven kingdoms way from Germany and South Denmark. had been created Books for support/ Key Learning: Prior Learning: **Enrichment Opportunities:** Identify who the Anglo Saxons were, when they came 100 best poems for kids – reading aloud to Britain and where they came from Children will have previously studied Identify the location of Anglo-Saxon settlements Stone Age to Iron Age changes and Roman invasion and settlement of Understand key features of the Anglo-Saxon way of life Britain to make links to. Understand and create messages using the Anglo-Saxon alphabet Understand the Anglo-Saxon religion and beliefs Explain who Alfred the Great was and why he was an important figure to the Anglo Saxons Interview with an Anglo Saxon

Subject Specific Vocabulary				
Key word	Definition			
Pagan	A person holding religious beliefs other than those of the main world religions.			
Wergild	A payment system used in Anglo-Saxon times to settle disputes between the criminal and the victim or the victim's family.			
Danelaw	The name given to parts of the country ruled by the			
Settle	To live and take up residence			
Runes	The letters used in the Runic alphabet. This is how the Anglo Saxons wrote.			
Invade	An armed force enters a country in order to occupy it.			