

Year 4 Geography Sum 2 Map Skills

Key Facts	Map/Timeline/Diagram	
A map is a two-dimensional representation of our world. Maps can help us to find a place, or they provide information about a place. They show places from above and show things much smaller than in real life There are many types of maps. You need to know how to use an OS Map. There are 8 points on a compass used to help us navigate.	NW NE 44 44 44 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6	Superstore Fraction Bearin Covert Reen Gd 32 33 34
Key Learning:	Prior Learning:	Books for support/ Enrichment Opportunities:
 Use eight point compass points well planned using a map Begin to use four figure grid reference to locate features on a map Begin to recognise symbols on a OS map Use large and medium scale OS map (approx. scale 1:1000/1:25000) Use atlases to find out about other features of places eg mountains, weather patterns 	Year 2 Follow a given route on a map using N, S, E, W Draw a map of a real or imaginary place e.g. add detail to a sketch map from aerial photo Use an infant atlas and globes to locate place Use large scale maps Use an Infant atlas to locate places Year 3 Use eight compass points to follow or give directions using a known route Use letters or number grid reference to locate features on a map Use a junior atlas to locate places and begin to look at OS maps Use large scale OS maps (approx. scale 1:1000) Use atlases to find out about other features of places eg mountains	

Subject Specific Vocabulary		
Key word	Definition	
OS map	Ordnance Survey is the national mapping agency for Great Britain. First used in 1745.	
Grid reference	A grid reference system is a simplified grid used for a map area to make looking up coordinates easier.	
Contour Line	A line on a map joining points of equal height above or below sea level.	
Compass points	The 8 directions commonly used on a compass to help with navigation.	
Scale	Map scale refers to the relationship between distance on a map and the corresponding distance on the ground	