

Year 3 Geography Spr 2

Topic: Earthquakes

Key Facts Map/Timeline/Diagram Earthquakes Earthquakes are caused when the earth's tectonic plates Know the names of the 4 layers of the Earth suddenly move. Understand that the tectonic plates move · Most earthquakes occur near the tectonic plate Know that earthquakes happen where the tectonic plates boundaries. meet on a fault line Earthquakes can cause lots of damage to roads Know about the deadly features of an earthquake - ground buildings and property. shaking, tsunamis, landslides, raising or lowering of land, liquefaction Know vocabulary longitude, latitude and equator Thin outer layer. Hard rock. 10km-90km thick. Understand Richter scale measures strength of an earthquake Extremely hot rock that flows. 3000km thick. Iron and nickel. Mostly liquid with some rocky parts. 4000°C. Iron and nickel. Hottest layer at over 5000°C. Books for support/ Key Learning: Prior Learning: **Enrichment Opportunities:** To name continents of the World To understand the structure of the Earth. Cross curricular link: To understand that the Earth's crust is split into tectonic To write an earthquake fact file. To name Oceans plates. To understand what causes an earthquake. To investigate the five deadly features of an earthquake. To locate the world's biggest earthquakes using latitude and longitude.

Subject Specific Vocabulary

Key word	Definition		
Crust	Thin outer layer of the Earths surface		
Mantle	Layer of molten rock - called magma, that flows very slowly below the crust		
Outer core	The layer of hot liquid metals		
Inner core	A solid ball of iron and nickle metals		
Tectonic plate	Gigantic piece of slab of solid rock and upper mantle		
Tsumami	A long, high sea wave caused by an earthquake		
landslide	A collapse of rock or earth from a cliff or mountain		
liquefaction	The process of making something in to a liquid ie loose wet soil		
longitude	Vertical lines that measure East or West		
latitude	Horizontal lines that measures North or South of the Equator		
Equator	An imaginary line around the middle of the world half way between the North and South Poles		
Richter scale	The scale used to measure the strength of earthquakes		